The Analytic Challenges of the Army's Network-enabled Future Combat Systems

LTC Duane E. Brucker & Dr. Paul J. Deason US Army TRADOC Analysis Center White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico USA bruckerde@trac.wsmr.army.mil deasonp@trac.wsmr.army.mil

Army Chief of Staff GEN Shinseki's Vision of the Future Force

- The vision is encompassed in the transformation to a future Objective Force.
 - Primary instrument is the yet-to-be-developed Future Combat System.
 - FCS will be networked to allow real-time situational awareness
 - It will be able to operate more effectively in joint operations.
- This Objective Force will be more deployable than current heavy divisions, yet have more lethal firepower than today's light and heavy divisions.
- Our current operations in Central Asia reinforce the need for Objective Force.
 - Balance this global war against the asymmetries of international terrorism with the regional Threats that demand our attention and a need for conventional warfighting process.

Units of Action

- Combined Arms Organizations, by Design
- Sufficient Tactical Autonomy for Close Combat Engagements
 - ✓ Fight for Three Days of Continuous Combat Without Resupply
 - Decentralized Operations Enabled by Mutual Support / Virtual Teaming at Standoff
- Embedded and Networked C4ISR to See First, Understand First, Act First, and Finish Decisively
- Agility of Hasty Attack With Precision of Deliberate Attack
- Decisive Close Combat by Fire and Maneuver and Assault:
 - ✓ Mounted, Enabled by Dismounted
 - ✓ Dismounted, Enabled by Mounted
 - ✓ Mounted When Possible
 - ✓ Dismounted When Necessary
- Small Unit Excellence

See First

OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW – QUALITY OF FIRSTS



Key Enablers:

- Combat ID Systems (Soldier/sys)
- Reconnaissance
- Organic Sensors (Robotic, Multi-spectral, Disposable)
- UAV (Organic, All Source)
- Embedded Platform C4ISR
- Sensor Fusion Systems
- Global Information Grid
- Joint C4ISR Network
- Leader Training
- Real- Time Terrain Mapping
- Dynamic Urban Mapping
- Inter-agency Coordination

Blind the enemy through:

- Obscurants
 Pattern avoidance
- Deception
 Signature reduction
- Jamming/counter-sensor

Understand First

OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW – QUALITY OF FIRSTS



Force Enemy to Understand Last

Irregular Battlefield Geometry

Act First

OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW – QUALITY OF FIRSTS



Finish Decisively

OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW – QUALITY OF FIRSTS

- Destroy Enemy Ability to Fight
- Eliminate Enemy Freedom of Action
- Exploit Success
- Conduct Close Combat-transition
 To Assault
- Follow Through to Enemy Destruction



- No Tactical Pause
- Focus on "Profitable Fight"
- Block Moves to Sanctuary

Key Enablers:

- Tactical Overmatch
- Organic LOS/BLOS/NLOS Fires
- Organic Non -Lethal Fires
- Situational Understanding Red and Blue
- Global Information Grid and Joint C4ISR Network
- Scaleable Integrated Joint Fires and Effects
- Capable of Independent Action
- Vertical Maneuver
- All Forms of Offense
 - Exploitation
 - Pursuit
- Sustainment for 3 Days High Optempo
- Campaign Qualities
- Mobility
- Assault: Mounted, Dismounted, Mounted Sptd by
 Dismounted, Dismounted Sptd by Mounted
- Mission Staging of Maneuver Sustainment
- Disrupt Communications
- Remotely Placed Obstacles
- Logistics Efficiency

Employment Unit of Action in Decisive Tactical Combat

HOW to FIGHT

Before Contact

- **Develop Situation Out of Contact**
- Decide, When / Where to Fight
- Set Conditions
- Maneuver to Position of Advantage

During Contact

Initiate Decisive Combat at Chosen Time / Place

NISH DECISIVEL

- Continue to Develop the Situation in Contact
- Continue to Integrate RSTA, Maneuver, and Fires and the Network

Tactical Assault

Finish the Enemy Through Assault



Transition to next

engagement

Required Capabilities for Tactical Concepts

- Lethality
 - ✓ Assured First Round Kill / or 4 X 8 Hole
 - ✓ LOS/BLOS KE Rapid Fire Kill on the Move
 - Precision Long Range Destructive Fires, Close Fire Support on Demand
 - ✓ Non-Lethal Effects Create Dilemmas for the Enemy

Survivability

- ✓ Situational Understanding, Slew to Cue Avenge Kill
- ✓ Active and Passive Protection Against KE / CE
- ✓ Detect Mines and Booby Traps at Standoff
- ✓ Ground and Vertical Sensors That Are Acoustic, Seismic, Magnetic, Thermal, Chemical, LADAR, and Radar Detectors
- Mobility
 - ✓ C130 Crucible
 - ✓ Assured Mobility, over Varied Terrain, with Speed and Precision
 - ✓ Thermobaric Munitions to Destroy Mines at Standoff

Required Capabilities for Tactical Concepts

• Leadership

- ✓ Battle Command on the Move, Over Greater Distances
- ✓ Decentralized Small Unit Actions
- ✓ Cognitive and Adaptive, Maintain Initiative
- ✓ Teaming/virtual Teaming
- Knowledge
 - ✓ Uninterrupted C2 Network
 - Access to SOF, Army, Joint, Coalition, and Home Station Ops Center
 - ✓ En-route Mission Planning and Rehearsal
 - ✓ Sensor to Shooter, and Cueing

Sustain

- ✓ Crew Chief With Embedded TMDE
- ✓ Commonality of Parts
- ✓ Medical Evacuation
- ✓ Self and Like Recovery

Battle Command

- The Art and Science of Applying Leadership and Decision Making to Achieve Mission Success
- Leadership
 - Commander Driven Purpose Oriented Knowledge
 Focused Mission Orders
 - ✓ Command and Control Over Greater Distances
 - ✓ Rapidly Transition From Stand-off to Close Assault
 - Rapidly Decide When to Remain Mounted for Tactical Stand-off, and When to Dismount to Support Mounted Maneuver and for Close Assault
 - ✓ Decentralized Actions
 - ✓ Small Unit Initiative

Battle Command

Network Systems

- ✓ Robust, persistent, ubiquitous
- ✓ Mobile, scalable, self healing
- ✓ Information assurance
- ✓ Reach
- ✓ On demand collaborative environment



Tactical Infosphere of Unit of Action



Maximum Lethality / Survivability

Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR)

- UA Leverages National, Joint, and Theater Sensors and Collection Assets That Have Access to the Operational Area
- Collect and Displays a Seamless, Fully Integrated, Multidimensional, and Tailorable Common Operating Picture
- Embedded ISR Enables Commanders to Effectively Lead During Dynamically Changing Operations Anywhere in the Battlespace
- Sensor to Shooter
- Sensor to Decider
- Sensor to Database

Doctrine:

- Continuous Running Commander's Estimate
- Terrain Clearance Procedures
- Assured Mobility Regardless of Obstacles (Predict, Detect, Prevent, Avoid, Neutralize)
- Effective Integration of On-board Sensors With Robotic Sensors
- Anticipate Enemy Action Through Pattern Analysis and Establish Engagement Criteria
- Rapidly Adjustable Sensor to Shooter Relationships
- Integrated Sensor Management Procedures

Training:

- Multifunctional Soldiers Trained to Perform a Greater Range of Tasks
- Collective Training With Two or More Platforms/units to Develop Synchronization Skills
- Training to Reflect the Increased Speed, Quantity, and Quality of Available Operational Information Provided
- System / Platform Embedded Training System

Leader Development:

- Identify and Develop Company Grade Leaders Capable of Decentralized / Independent Ops
- Required Multi-functional Skills Must Be Introduced at Earliest Stages
- Accelerated Junior Leader Development to Function in an Information Environment Using Emerging Tactics, Doctrine, and Organizations
- Ability to Manage Multiple Sensory Inputs/outputs
- Develop Leaders Ability to Rapidly Synthesize Information

Organization:

- Correct Mix Between Manned and Unmanned Systems
- Ability to Exercise C2 From Any Location
- Integrated Effects Management Structure
- LOS/BLOS/NLOS Availability at Every Echelon
- UGS and UAVs to Support Maneuver at Every Echelon
- Capability to Sustain Mobility and Momentum, Neutralize Obstacles in Stride

Materiel:

- Establish/maintain COP With All Elements of the Joint Air Ground Maneuver Team
- Transmit/receive Combined Arms Mission Orders and Graphics
 Throughout All Echelons
- Dynamically Task Joint and Organic Sensors to Acquire/engage Targets With Organic and Joint Fires, Receive BDA and Ensure BCID
- Enable Real Time Combat Simulation Modeling, Collaborative Mission Planning and Interactive Rehearsal
- Provide Real Time Threat Target Management, Cognitive Decision Aids and Course of Action Development Tools
- Provide Automated Obstacle, Mine and Booby-trap Detection on the Move
- Provide Robotics (Air/ground) for High Risk and Burdensome Tasks
- Ensure Adaptive Platform Signature Management/reduction Mechanisms

Materiel:

- Provide Multi-spectural Aided Target Detection, Classification, Recognition and Identification Sensing Capability With Fratricide Prevention Characteristics
- Ensure Automated Battle Space Management for Netted Fires, Manned-unmanned Aviation and Fires Support Coordination
- Multi-function Precision Munitions and Sensors With Loiter Attributes Capable of Employment in Complex, Urban and Sub-terrainian Environments

Soldiers:

- Multiple Skill Sets
- Adaptive Soldiers & Multifunctional Crews That Blend Skills
- Increased Stamina and Endurance
- Filtered COP for Small Units and Soldiers

Movement to Contact



Attack on the Move with Deliberate Information



Battle Command on the Move



Battle Command (C4ISR)

ANALYSIS		ORD REQUIREMENT (Objective)
 A UA Core mission task is to develop the situation with external and organic ISR, Army and Joint. (3450) Communication relay assets - terrestrial, airborne, space - necessary to ensure full battlefield connectivity. (FCS Communications Program System Study Team Issues Report, May 2001) IFOR (Bosnia) line of sight comms and single points of failure (SENs and LENs) required 240 TACSATs 		 3450: FCS FoS platforms will use WIN-T and JTRS as the integrating information network standard for information transport, network management and information assurance. 2401: The FCS C4ISR network will exploit terrestrial, airborne and space-based network layers
 (2401) DCGS-A MAPEX determined the requirement to perform sensor fusion at all levels (3153) 		to enable battle command on the move and continuous network connectivity at all echelons, in all terrain, at extended ranges across the battle space, and globally from home station to deployed theater.
 Enables battle command with relevant, actionable information with TOC-like capability, anywhere on the battlefield Unprecedented opportunity to understand enemy and environment Accelerates collaboration Commander-centric versus plan -centric Enables understanding where and when we must 		3153: FCS FoS must be capable of automatically organizing, identifying, correlating and aggregating sensor produced data into the running estimate that enables a decision maker to achieve situational understanding and make tactical decisions.
Enabling Tactical Concept Ba Con (C4	attle nmand 4ISR)	Analytical Underpinnings ORD Requirements

Sensor Enabled Information Dominance



Cooperative Engagement





 OAV-L Identifies Enemy Armor Closing on a UA
 Squad Beyond LOS of the Squad

Point and Shoot

New overwatch techniques: overwatch is now three dimensional; small units can overwatch at greater distances and while moving.

Cooperative engagements between multiple lines of operation

NLOS and BLOS systems permit mutual support between small units operating on dispersed axes

Operational Maneuver to Intercept an Enemy

