

## Social networks as basic science for understanding human dimensions of military operations

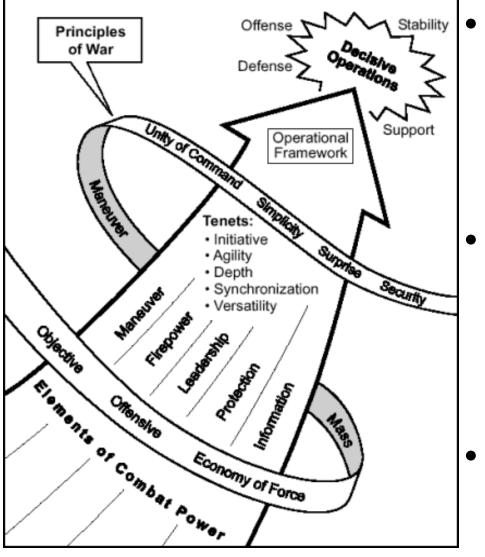
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# The Future Information Environment



- Military is enhancing data collectors & sensors (drones & robots) -- producing a data deluge.
- All levels are overflowing with information that needs ordering, refining, fusing to be timely & accurate.
- Where is the human in this maze of new technology?

## Mission Command Embraces Complex IS

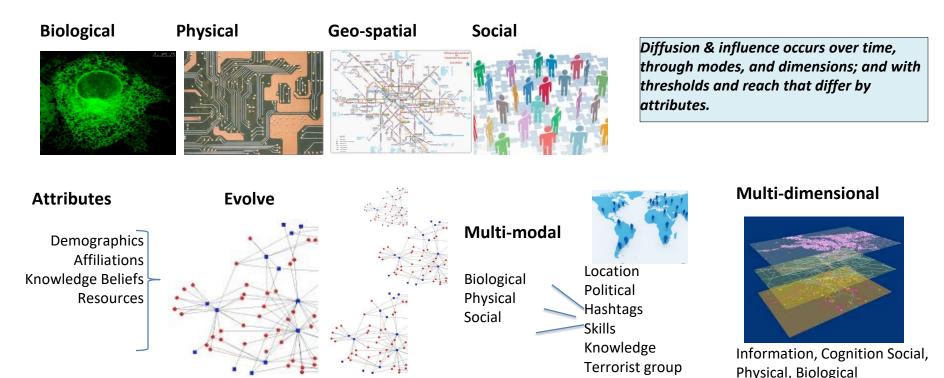
- Future operations require broad, agile command to synchronize opns. MC embraces the complexity of operations to create that agility.
- MC defines roles -- Joint, Interagency, Intergovernmental partners & the human dimension.
- MC combines art of command & science of control. The art of command involves using information to understand, visualize, describe, direct, lead, develop teams. The <u>science of control</u> includes planning, preparing, executing, assessing, & conducting information opns, as well as cyber.
- MC builds information-savvy, agile teams that anticipate transitions, accept risk to create opportunities, plan on the move, adapt, innovate.



## WEST POINT.

## Social Network Science

Model networks to understand and predict *systems of relationships* in terms of diffusion, influence, tipping points, feedback and emergence.



Use network analysis to explain phenomena and inform strategies intended to generate or spread information & knowledge, initiate or prepare for state shifts, and build or disrupt collaborative alliances ----- perform MC!



## WEST POINT.

To develop measures, theories and models that capture cognitive and behavioral processes that lead to emergent phenomena in teams, organizations and populations

### Research Thrusts

- 1. Method
  - a) Scalability & Dimensionality
  - b) Data Accuracy

### 2. Process

(a) Belief & Behavior Change(b) Collaborative Decision-making

Vision of Cooperation and Teams





#### INITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY VEST POIN

### **Research Thrusts**

### **Methodological**

**Scalability & Dimensionality Data Accuracy** Identify overarching mechanisms that span scales Build standardized approaches that account and dimensions of human systems that will for data loss effects generated by common parameterize, model and predict both small group network sampling and simulation and big data network models. techniques on network models; and resulting inferences that link behaviors to

#### Processes

#### **Belief & Behavior Change**

Develop mechanistic understanding of opinion & behavior change associated with influence, contagion, and other social propagation processes; and develop intervention strategies that optimize these mechanisms to foster widespread and faster adoption or spread.

#### **Collective Decision Making**

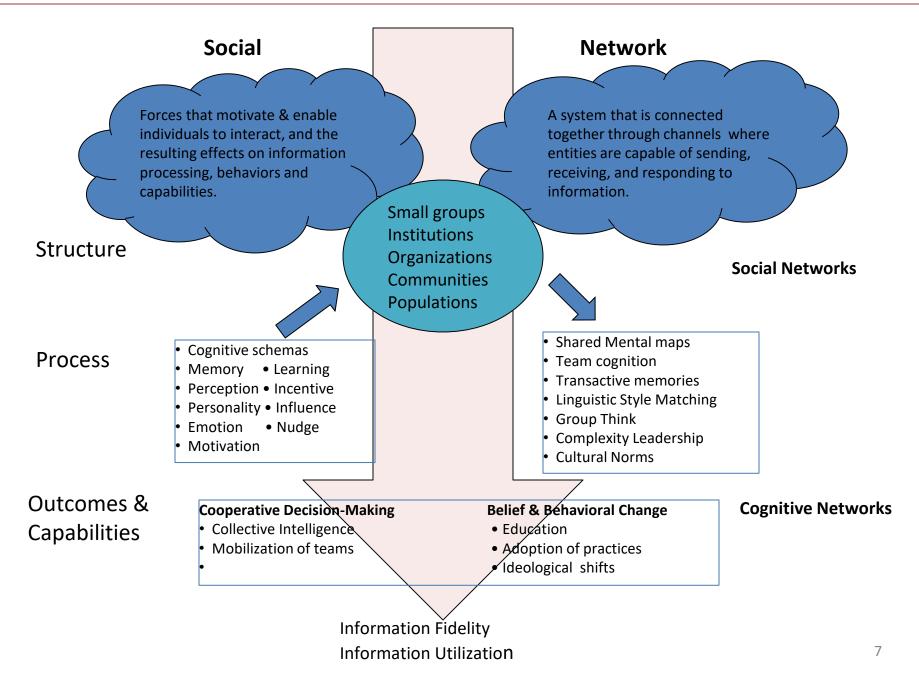
the social structure.

Develop fundamental theories and models to predict, evaluate and simulate how teams organize, exchange information, build knowledge, influence, adapt, learn and build consensus using cooperative strategies and emergent capabilities.

Integrate techniques from mathematical, statistical, and computational sciences to social structural measures and theories to discover and parameterize fundamental processes underlying human phenomena. 6



### **Research Framework for Social & Cognitive Networks Program**





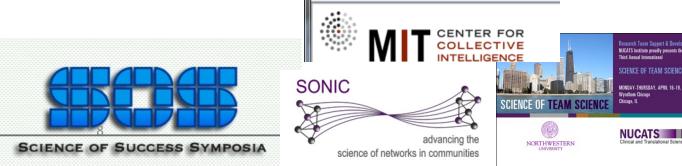
## WEST POINT.

## Why now?

### **Scientific Opportunity:**

Integrate advances in a) organizational and cognitive sciences in group dynamics, linguistic processes, & collective intelligence, in b) mathematics in modeling multi and interdependent systems, and in c) social complexity theories to understand emergent capabilities of teams.

- Modeling and Experimental Research
  - -Synchronized communication; mental maps Team Cognition
  - Emergent capabilities of groups Collective Intelligence
  - -Structural topologies Science of Team Science
  - Predictability of collective phenomena Science of Success
- Methodological advances
  - Multiplex, multilayer, interdependent networks Network Mathematics/ Statistical Sociology
- Theoretical advances
  - -Complexity Leadership; Social influence theories







## $\frac{W_{\text{EDST POINT}}}{W_{\text{EST POINT}}}$ Society built by & through teams

- Increased reliance on small teams
- Teams define common objectives, develop and implement strategies, evaluate and adjust together
  - Humanitarian aid, disaster relief, intelligence gathering, security, community coalitions, technological infrastructure, education, public opinion campaigns
- Army as a "Team of teams"
  - Mission Command: subordinate leaders "exercising disciplined initiative" i.e., commander uses units as teams









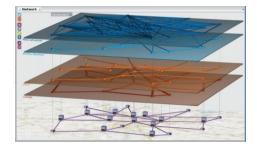
#### UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY WEST POINT.

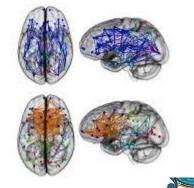
### **Objective:**

 Develop fundamental theories and models to predict, evaluate, measure and simulate how teams organize, exchange information, build knowledge, influence, adapt, learn, and build consensus using cooperative strategies and emergent capabilities.

#### **Research Concentration Areas:**

- Create a theoretically driven quantitative analytical framework for decision-making and productivity of collaborative teams;
- Develop constructs and mechanisms that measure collaboration, such as interdisciplinarity, adaptability, cooperation, to include processes, e.g., turn-taking, cohesion, group intelligence, etc.
- Build models that consider teams as complex systems that include dependencies, feedback, and emergence of multiple dimensions
- Identify or create empirical or simulated data sets for guiding the research and for verification and validation (V&V) of the theory, constructs, and models







Social Informatics

## **Social Informatics Thrusts**



- Developing meaningful, measurable, and quantifiable models and metrics for technologymediated social realms
- Developing a set of theories that hold true in technology-mediated social realms

### **Algorithms & Evaluation Criteria**

- Developing a set of scalable algorithms that effectively formalize social theories and models
- Developing a set of theories and evaluation criteria for algorithms operating in technology-mediated social realms

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### Human Quantification & Theory



Social Informatics

## Human Quantification & Theory

- Developing meaningful, measurable, and quantifiable models & metrics for technology-mediated social realms
  - Perception & interpretation
  - Trust & deception
  - Influence & intervention
  - Tie strength
- Developing a set of theories that hold true in technology-mediated social realms
  - Social learning theory
  - Theories of social identity
  - Theories of group formation & processes
  - Collective action



## **Algorithms & Evaluation Criteria**

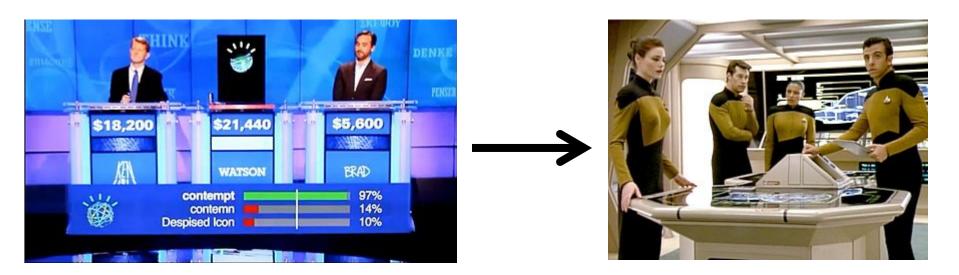
- Developing a set of scalable algorithms that effectively formalize social theories and models
  - Community detection
  - Graph mining
  - Identity management
  - Link prediction
  - ...
- Developing a set of theories and evaluation criteria for algorithms operating in technology-mediated social realms
  - Theoretical justifications & axiomatic approaches
  - Computability and predictability in social realms
  - Sampling and probing
  - Evaluation criteria for graph + X (e.g., contextual graphs, dynamics, ...)

- ...

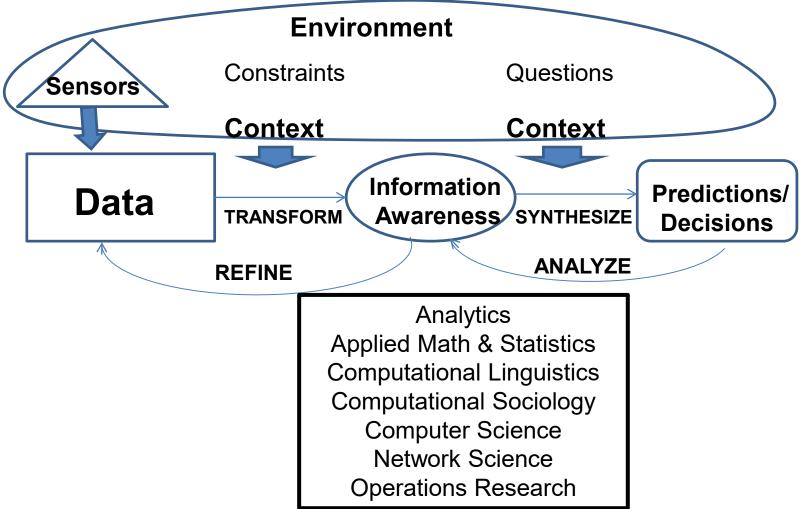
# What is needed

A system that...

- Spans several fields of knowledge
- Natural interface
- Can be a useful participant in the planning and analysis process



## Interdisciplinary, Non-reductive Model for <u>future</u> Information Processing (building a Watson)



## Building Watson from the Network Science Multi-layered Framework

